CLINICAL IMAGE IN GASTROENTEROLOGY

Bowel obstruction due to abdominal aortic aneurysm. Aortoduodenal syndrome

Oclusión intestinal por aneurisma de aorta abdominal. Síndrome aortoduodenal

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An 89-year-old man came to the emergency department due to vomiting, pain, and bloating of 12 h progression. Physical examination revealed a pulsatile abdominal mass. A computed tomography scan showed gastric retention (fig. 1, blue arrow) secondary to duodenal compression from a large abdominal aortic aneurysm (figs. 1 and 2, green arrow). A filiform duodenum (fig. 2, red arrow) was observed with proximal segment dilatation and normalization of the caliper distal to the aneurysm. Duodenal compression from an abdominal aortic aneurysm is known as aortoduodenal syndrome. It is a very rare entity that usually presents with vomiting, weight loss and pain, and abdominal distension. It should be suspected in the presence of obstructive symptomatology and a pulsatile abdominal mass. Diagnosis and the ruling out of other causes are confirmed through contrast-enhanced abdominal CT scan. Treatment is based on initial stabilizing of the patient with fluid and electrolyte support and gastric decompression, so that later elective surgery can be performed.
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Figure 2  Duodenal compression from the aneurysm.

Ethical disclosures

Protection of human and animal subjects. The authors declare that no experiments were performed on humans or animals for this study.

Confidentiality of data. The authors declare that they have followed the protocols of their work center on the publication of patient data.

Right to privacy and informed consent. The authors declare that no patient data appear in this article.

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Conflict of interest

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interest.